

						YÖKDİL SOSYAL DENEME
1 – 20. sorularda boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.				5.	. Camp is the kind of place where children can learn life skills such as teamwork and the lessons they learned during the school year in many enjoyable activities.	
1.	Dogs are the only specie child, runs to its owner - anxious.		()) АКІN DİL EĞİTİM ())		A) manage	B) apply
	A) when	B) though	IN DİL E		C) affect	D) contain
	C) provided	D) in case	- ()		E) respect	
	E) even if	D) III ouse				
2.		are generally applied		6.	Children who are chro difficulties, which r be able to achieve the professional potential	means they might never ir actual academic or
	J		(V) Wi		A) logical	B) flexible
	A) basically	B) currently	DİL EĞİT		C) cognitive	D) visual
	C) effectively	D) apparently	🔊 AKIN DİL EĞİTİM 🕥		E) productive	
	E) relatively		Ĭ			
3.	In 1945, many ethnic Ge leave their territory, o forced labor camps unde	others were subject to		7.	two billion peoplei	itish Council forecasts, t by 2020.
	A) but	B) still	itim 🔊		A) is already spoken / w	
	C) while	D) even if	KIN DİL EĞİTİM 🕥		B) has already spoken	
	E) as well as	,	- () ak		C) will already be spoke	
	_,				D) has already been sp	-
					E) had already spoken	/ would speak
4.	After the war, Monet suffered from severe vision loss, he continued to paint and to develop new techniques.			8.	<ol> <li> animals can experience romantic love is unknown, but there is evidence that they are capable of experiencing the same range of</li> </ol>	
	A) yet	B) whereas	iitim 🕥		emotions as we can.	
	C) even when	D) for	🖉 AKIN DİL EĞİTİM 🕥		A) Unless	B) Just as
	E) lest		. (A AK		C) Suppose that	D) Whether
					E) No matter how	

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YÖKDİL SOSYAL DENEME 2

9.	The Great Slave Lake is the 10th largest	, 13. N
	lake in the world the deepest lake in North	l lo
	America with a maximum depth of 614 meters.	
		d
	A) from / to	I <⊃ Σ
	B) either / or	
	C) among / but	
	D) so much / that	c c
	E) not only / but also	
		E

### 10. Since ---- its first appearance at the Louvre in the 19th century, the Winged Victory of Samothrace ---- countless artists.

- A) having made / inspired
- B) being made / has been inspiring
- C) to be made / would inspire
- D) to make / used to inspire
- E) making / has inspired
- 11. Many economists ---- that immigration and economic growth are not necessarily tied to one another, as many countries restricting immigration experience strong economic growth.
  - A) try on

B) point out

C) hand in

D) look into

E) call off

A) as well as

C) according to

12. Although there were no deaths directly associated with the eruption in the early 1700s, many people lost their lives ---- Mount Fuji's volcanic activity.

<b>-</b> \.		
B) in	view	of

- D) in spite of
- E) as a consequence of
- 2

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- lany languages and traditions will soon be ost, so cultural and linguistic anthropologists --- diligently to study and understand this liversity that ----.
  - A) are working / was lost
  - B) will have worked / has been lost
  - ) have been working / is being lost
  - ) work / was being lost
  - ) would work / had been lost
- 14. Cyberbullying differs from other forms of bullying ---- the target may not know who is committing the bullying.

A) such that	B) so that
C) now that	D) in that
E) with that	

- 15. Because of the demonstrations, the armed forces were brought in to maintain order in the ----.
  - A) race B) agreement C) stock D) election

  - E) region

16. Requests for water allocations now exceed the available water supply; ----, future development of agriculture will require complex sharing arrangements.

B) in contrast
D) furthermore



	former Soviet leader, I War Three if it troops to strations preceding the fall of			
A) would start / use	d	🔊 AKIN DİL EĞİTİM		
B) might be starting	, B) might be starting / were using			
C) could have starte	ed / had used	() AKIN		
D) had started / wo	D) had started / would be using			
E) must have starte	d / had been using			
	le socialization is or the maturing-out I early adulthood.			
A)in / with	B) for / after	🔊 AKIN DİL EĞİTİM		
C) to / during	D) on / since	KIN DİL I		
E) by / until		۲ ا		
in the tomato figh	und 50,000 people took part t in the La Tomatina festival; e number of participants has st 20,000.			
A) moreover	B) however	🔊 akın dil eğitim 🔊		
C) indeed	D) thus	N DİL EČ		
E) on the contrary				
attention of the wo	n the 19 <sup>th</sup> century the orld, but Irish government g the crisis by God for ment.			
A) was catching / w	ould be sent	AKIN DİL EĞİTİM <u> –</u>		
B) would catch / ha	B) would catch / had sent			
C)was going to cate	C)was going to catch / sent			
D) had caught / was	s sent	< <u>(</u> )		
E) caught / had bee	en sent			



YÖKDİL SOSYAL DENEME 2

### 21. - 25. sorularda, boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz. 23. Advertising is a means of communication with the users of a product or service. The primary mission of A) for B) toward ${}$ advertisers is to reach these prospective customers and AKIN DİL EĞİTİM D) via C) in (21) ---- their attitudes and buying behaviors. Advertising is always present, (22) ---- people may not E) along be aware of it. In today's world, advertising uses every Ì possible media to get its message through. It does this (23) ---- television, radio, press, internet, direct selling, mailers, sponsorships, or posters. A lot of money is spent to keep individuals interested in the advertised products or services. To produce a successful ad, advertisers need to understand (24) ---- makes potential customers behave the way they do. They have to 🔿 akın dil eğitim 🕥 collect enough market data to develop accurate profiles of buyers, (25) ---- will reveal their consumer behaviors. 24. 21. A) how B) that A) influence B) occur C) what D) whom C) attempt D) prove E) why E) produce 🔿 akın dil eğitim 🕥 22. 25. A) so B) though A) which B) where AKIN DİL EĞİTİM 🕥 C) nor D) such as D) by which C)that E) when E) or else Ì



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#### YÖKDİL SOSYAL DENEME 2

#### 26 – 30. sorularda boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

Frances Stewart says that most studies on the link between inequalities and conflict look at the **(26)** ---- of income across the whole population of countries, which she calls 'vertical inequalities,'**(27)** ---- she argues that horizontal inequalities matter a lot more – the ones **(28)** ---- occur between different ethnic, religious or regional groups. When cultural differences coincide with economic and political differences between groups, this can cause deep anger that may lead to violent struggles. **(29)** ----, the economic and political inequalities between Hutu and Tutsi groups in Burundi led to an intense civil war in 1994. The violence in Kenya during the 2007 elections **(30)** ---- by inequalities between regions and ethnic groups.

### 28.

A) who C) that

E) whichever

- B) for whom
- D) with which

### 29.

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A) Therefore	B) For example
C) In addition	D) Otherwise
E) On the other hand	

### 26.

A) translation	B) registration
C) occupation	D) motivation
E) distribution	

### 27.

A) unless	B) so
C) whereby	D) but
E) as though	

### 30.

- A) is also fedB) was also fed
- C) would also feed
- D) had also been fed
- E) has also been fed



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#### YÖKDİL SOSYAL DENEME 2

#### 31. – 41. sorularda verilen cümleyi tamamlayabilecek seçeneği bulunuz.

# 31. Parenting is the most fulfilling job that people will ever have, ----.

- A) so many couples choose not to have babies
- B) yet it is not without its challenges
- C) for 43% of women quit work afterwards
- D) and couples may need infertility treatment
- E) but parents want the best for their child

# 32. ---- because it is hunted and killed for its beautiful fur.

- A) Since 1996, the amur leopard has been classified as Critically Endangered
- B) There are currently only 200 Cross River Gorillas left in the wild
- C) Three of the five species in Rhinocerotidae are among the most endangered in the world
- D)A species is classified as vulnerable if its population has declined to around 30 percent
- E) Many animals are over-hunted because of their meat, fur and other valuable parts

 ----, the weapons some of them possess are far in excess of what is needed for defense.

- A) While Russia is claimed to have around 6,850 nuclear warheads
- B) Because the nuclear weapons, if used, could lead to large-scale destruction
- C) Ever since theComprehensive Nuclear Test Ban Treaty of 1996, which bans all nuclear explosions in all environments
- D) Although it cannot be denied that countries have to defend themselves
- E) Whenever developing or underdeveloped countries decide to go nuclear

34. People learn best when they participate in activities ----.

- A) so thatteachers can create challenging learning environments for active involvement
- B) ifit is meaningful to one cultural group but not to another
- C) that are perceived to be useful in real life and are culturally relevant
- D) even thoughplay is far more powerful for the child than many parents realize
- E) provided it is organized around general principles and explanations



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#### YÖKDİL SOSYAL DENEME 2

#### 35. Commissioned by King Francis I and imagined by the great Leonardo da Vinci, ----.

- A) millions of foreign tourists have visited Côted'Azur over the last five years
- B) wolves can be seen in their natural habitat in this rural part of France
- C) Gustave Eiffel designed it as a temporary exhibit for the World Fair of 1889
- D) a sudden fire engulfed and destroyed Notre Dame Cathedral in April
- E) the Chateau de Chambord is the largest and most majestic castle of the Loire

### 36. Soon after Picasso met artist Georges Braque, ----.

- A) his forms became heavier and he began to find his way towards Cubism
- B) the blue and grey palette had been dominating his paintings
- C) he has been credited with being the founder of collage art
- D) art critics typically break his adult career into distinct periods
- E) he had largely overcome the depression that had previously weakened him

- 37. ----, the diseases they brought devastated the Maya.
  - A) So long as the Spanish forced the Maya to convert to Christianity
  - B) When the Spanish arrived in Central America in the 16th century
  - C) While many cities were abandoned around 1,100 years ago
  - D) Although most historians interpret the imperial period as the destruction of the civilization
  - E) Given the long-term use of writing and calendrical systems by ancient Mayas

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#### ----, so researchers suspect there is a genetic component to delusions.

- A) Trauma and stress may trigger delusions
- B) Delusions may be symptoms of mental health problems
- C) Family therapy may be a part of cognitivebehavioral treatment
- D) Psychotic disorders seem to run in families
- E) Most disorders that involve delusions are not curable



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#### YÖKDİL SOSYAL DENEME 2

### 39. Companies have to rethink the perks and benefits they offer ----.

- A) as long as the working hours are flexible
- B) where there is a high level of trust and autonomy
- C) if they want to attract and retain top talent
- D) since telecommuting leads to an increase in performance
- E) while most talent may desire a better boss

# 40. ----, the Mediterranean diet suggests eating fish or seafood at least twice a week.

- A) While it is the most preferred diet by those who wish to lose weight
- B) Despite the high rates of diet-related chronic diseases caused by fad diets
- C) ThoughMediterranean people don't eat a huge plate of pasta
- D) In addition to prioritizing plant foods, such as fruits, vegetables, beans and nuts
- E) Besides the omega-3 fatty acids and amino acids that they provide

- 41. ---- even though animal welfare experts widely agree that the practice is cruel.
  - A) More than 20 years ago, the last one of the UK's dolphinariums closed
  - B) It's still legal to keep dolphins and whales for entertainment purposes in the US
  - C) New forms of tourism emerge to appeal to animal lovers with a sense of responsibility
  - D) The Sea Watch Foundation is looking for enthusiasts to help with marine conservation
  - E) Humpbacks have been visiting UK waters more and more since 2004



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#### YÖKDİL SOSYAL DENEME 2

# 42.–47. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca <u>en yakın</u> Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

- 42. Even if our ultimate decision is clearly correct, when faced with many choices, we are less likely to be happy with what we choose.
  - A) Nihai kararımız açıkça doğru olsa bile, birçok seçenekle karşı karşıya kaldığımızda, seçtiklerimizden memnun olma ihtimalimiz daha düşüktür.
  - B) Birçok seçenekle karşı karşıya kaldığımızda, sonunda doğru kararı vermemize rağmen, yaptığımız seçimlerden memnun kalmayabiliriz.
  - C) Karşımızda birçok seçenek olduğunda, seçtiklerimiz bizi memnun etmeyebilir; ancak nihai kararımız kesinlikle doğru olabilir.
  - D) Birçok seçenekle karşı karşıya kaldığımızda aldığımız kararlar nihayetinde açıkça doğru olabilir; yine de seçtiklerimizden memnun olma olasılığımız düşüktür.
  - E) Nihayetinde doğru kararı versek bile, birçok seçenekle karşı karşıya kalmak, bizim yaptığımız seçimlerden mutsuz olmamıza yol açar.

- 43. India's new policies aim to achieve a stable population at a level consistent with the requirements of sustainable economic growth and environmental protection.
  - A) Hindistan, nüfusu istikrarlı ve sürdürülebilir ekonomik büyüme ve çevre koruma gereklilikleriyle tutarlı olsun diye yeni politikalar hedeflemektedir.
  - B) Hindistan, yeni politikalarıyla sürdürülebilir ekonomik büyüme, çevre koruma, ve bunlarla uyumlu istikrarlı bir nüfus yaratmayı hedefliyor.
  - C) Hindistan'ın yeni politikaları, sürdürülebilir ekonomik büyüme ve çevre koruma gerekliliklerinin yanı sıra, istikrarlı bir nüfus yaratmayı hedeflemektedir.
  - D) Sürdürülebilir ekonomik büyüme ve çevre koruma gereklilikleriyle tutarlı bir seviyede olması için, Hindistan'ın yeni politikaları istikrarlı bir nüfus yaratmayı hedefliyor.

- E) Hindistan'ın yeni politikaları, sürdürülebilir ekonomik büyüme ve çevre koruma gereklilikleriyle tutarlı bir seviyede istikrarlı bir nüfus yaratmayı hedeflemektedir.
- 44. While the number of lives lost in traffic accidents in high-income countries indicates a downward trend in recent years, for most of the world's population, it is rising significantly.
  - A) Yüksek gelirli ülkelerde trafik kazalarında kaybedilen yaşam sayısı son yıllarda düşüş eğilimi gösterirken, dünya nüfusunun çoğu için, bu sayı önemli ölçüde artmaktadır.
  - B) Yüksek gelirli ülkelerde trafik kazalarında yaşamını yitirenlerin sayısı son yıllarda azalmıştır, fakat dünya nüfusunun çoğu için bu sayı önemli ölçüde artmıştır.
  - C) Yüksek gelirli ülkelerde trafik kazalarında yaşamını yitirenlerin sayısı son yıllarda azalırken, dünyanın geri kalanında önemli ölçüde artmıştır.
  - D) Yüksek gelirli ülkeler trafik kazalarında kaybedilen yaşam sayısında son yıllarda bir düşüş gösterirken, dünya nüfusunun çoğu için, ciddi bir artış kaydedilmiştir.
  - E) Trafik kazalarında yaşamını yitirenlerin sayısında son yıllarda düşüş gözlemlenen yüksek gelirli ülkelerin aksine, dünya nüfusunun çoğunda bu sayı artmaktadır.



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- 45. For nearly 25 years after its completion, the Willis Tower, formerly known as the Sears Tower, held the title of tallest building in the world.
  - A) Önceden Sears Kulesi'nin sahip olduğu dünyadaki en yüksek bina ünvanını, tamamlanmasından yaklaşık 25 yıl sonra Willis Kulesi aldı.
  - B) Tamamlanmasından yaklaşık 25 yıl sonra adı Willis Kulesi olarak değişen Sears Kulesi, dünyadaki en yüksek bina ünvanına sahip oldu.
  - C) Eskiden Sears Kulesi olarak bilinen Willis Kulesi, dünyadaki en yüksek bina ünvanını tamamlanmasından sonra yaklaşık 25 yıl boyunce elinde tuttu.
  - D) Dünyanın en yüksek binası ünvanı, tamamlanmasından yaklaşık 25 yıl sonra eskiden Sears Kulesi olarak adlandırılan Willis Kulesi'ne verildi.
  - E) Dünyadaki en yüksek bina ünvanına, yaklaşık 25 yıl önce tamamlanan, daha önceden Sears Kulesi olarak bilinen Willis Kulesi sahip oldu.
- 46. The use of the death penalty for crimes committed by people younger than 18 is prohibited under international human rights law.
  - A) 18 yaşından küçük kişilerce işlenen suçlarda idam cezasının uygulanması, uluslararası insan hakları hukuku kapsamında yasaktır.
  - B) Uuslararası insan hakları hukuku, idam cezasının 18 yaşından küçük kişilerce işlenen suçlarda uygulanmasını yasaklar.
  - C) Uluslararası insan hakları hukuku kapsamında, 18 yaşından küçük kişilerin işlediği suçlarda idam cezası uygulanamaz.
  - D) Eğer suçu işleyen kişi 18 yaşından küçükse, uluslararası insan hakları hukukuna göre idam cezasının uygulanması yasaktır.
  - E) 18 yaşından küçük kişiler suç işlediğinde, uluslararası insan hakları hukuku gereği idam cezası uygulanmaz.

- 47. Although crime tends to be concentrated in low-resource neighborhoods, crime rates are not uniquely determined by the socioeconomic conditions.
  - A) Düşük kaynaklı mahallelerde suç oranı daha yüksek olmasına rağmen, suç oranlarının belirlenmesinde yalnızca sosyoekonomik koşullar rol oynamaz.
  - Bazı mahallelerdeki kaynak yetersizliğinden dolayı suç artma eğilimindedir; ancak suç oranlarını belirleyen yalnızca sosyoekonomik koşullar değildir.
  - C) Düşük kaynaklı mahallelerde yoğunlaşma eğiliminde olan suç oranlarının belirlenmesinde tek etken sosyoekonomik koşullar değildir.
  - D) Suç, düşük kaynaklı mahallelerde yoğunlaşma eğiliminde olsa da, suç oranları yalnızca sosyoekonomik koşullar tarafından belirlenmez.
  - E) Düşük kaynaklı mahallelerde suç daha yoğun olsa da, suç oranları yalnızca sosyoekonomik koşullara bağlı değildir.



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#### YÖKDİL SOSYAL DENEME 2

# 48. - 53. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca <u>en yakın</u> İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

- 48. Geriye doğru yürüme yanılsamasını taklit eden dans hareketi Moonwalk, ilk olarak 1983 yılında pop ikonu Michael Jackson tarafından yapıldı ve o zamandan beri dünya çapında ün kazandı.
  - A) Moonwalk, the dance move that imitates the illusion of walking backwards, was first performed by pop icon Michael Jackson in 1983 and has become famous worldwide since then.
  - B) Moonwalk, which was first performed by pop icon Michael Jackson in 1983 and has become famous worldwide since then, is the dance move that imitates the illusion of walking backwards.
  - C) Moonwalk, which has become famous worldwide since 1983, is the dance move imitating the illusion of walking backwards and was first performed by pop icon Michael Jackson.
  - D) Pop icon Michael Jackson performed the dance move Moonwalk by imitating the illusion of walking backwards in 1983, and it has gained worldwide fame ever since.
  - E) The dance move that imitates the illusion of walking backwards, called Moonwalk, was first performed by pop icon Michael Jackson in 1983 and gained fame all over the world.

- 49. Cep telefonları arkadaşlar ve aile ile iletişim kurmak için etkili bir yol sağlarken, aşırı kullanımının sağlık ve çevre üzerinde zararlı etkileri olabilir.
  - A) Mobile phones provide an efficient way for communication with friends and family, but excessive use may also have detrimental effects on health and the environment.
  - B) While mobile phones are the most efficient way to communicate with friends and family, they could also have detrimental effects on health and the environment.
  - C) Although mobile phones are an efficient way to communicate with friends and family, excessive use could have detrimental effects on health and the environment.
  - D) While mobile phones provide an efficient way to communicate with friends and family, excessive use could have detrimental effects on health and the environment.
  - E) No matter how efficient mobile phones are in communication, it cannot be ignored that there might be detrimental effects on health and the environment if used excessively.



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- 50. Bir akıl sağlığı uzmanı tarafından doğru bir şekilde teşhis edildiğinde, anoreksi ve bulimia gibi yeme bozuklukları kolayca tedavi edilebilir ve genellikle birkaç ay içinde iyileşir.
  - A) Eating disorders such as anorexia and bulimia can easily be treated and often cured within a few months if they are diagnosed by a mental-health professional.
  - B) When eating disorders such as anorexia and bulimia are properly diagnosed by a mental-health professional, they can be treated and cured within a few months.
  - C) Once properly diagnosed by a mentalhealth professional, such eating disorders as anorexia and bulimia can easily be treated and often heal within a few months.
  - D) A mental-health professional should properly diagnose eating disorders such as anorexia and bulimia so that they can easily be treated and cured within a few months.
  - E) Unless they are properly diagnosed by a mental-health professional, eating disorders such as anorexia and bulimia cannot be treated or cured easily within a few months.

- 51. Teknoloji, sınıfta öğretilenleri tamamlayabilir ve eğitim olanakları yetersiz olanlar için öğrenmeye erişim sağlayabilir.
  - A) Technology complements the subjects taught in class and provides people who lack educational opportunities with access to learning.
  - B) Technology can complement what is taught in the classroom and provide access to learning for those with insufficient educational opportunities.
  - C) Technology can complement what students learn in the classroom and give them access to learning if they do not have sufficient educational opportunities.
  - D) Technology can complement what is taught in the classroom, as well as providing access to learning for those with insufficient educational opportunities.
  - E) Technology not only complements what is taught in the classroom but also provides access to learning for students with insufficient educational opportunities.



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- 52. Gomi istasyonları, diğer bir deyişle çöp istasyonları, Kamikatsu sakinlerinin daha fazla işlenmek üzere sınıflandırılmış atıklarını bıraktıkları yerlerdir.
  - A) Gomi stations, that is, trash stations, are places where sorted waste is dropped off by Kamikatzu residents to be further processed.
  - B) Trash stations, also called Gomi stations, are where Kamikatzu residents drop off their sorted waste for further processing.
  - C) Kamikatzu residents drop off their sorted waste at Gomi stations, which are trash stations for further processing.
  - D) Kamikatzu residents drop off their sorted waste at Gomi stations, or trash stations, where they are further processed.
  - E) Gomi stations, or trash stations, are places where Kamikatsu residents drop off their sorted waste to be further processed.

- 53. İlk daktilolar 1874'te piyasaya sürülene kadar, Amerikan mucit Christopher Latham Sholes birkaç daktilo geliştirmiş ve patentini almıştı.
  - A) The American inventor Christopher Latham Sholes developed and patented several typewriters before the first typewriters were placed on the market in 1874.
  - B) By the time the first typewriters were placed on the market in 1874, the American inventor Christopher Latham Sholes had developed and patented several typewriters.
  - C) The American inventor Christopher Latham Sholes had been developing and patenting typewriters when the first typewriters were placed on the market in 1874.
  - D) While the American inventor Christopher Latham Sholes was developing and patenting typewriters in 1874, the first typewriters were placed on the market.
  - E) When the first typewriters were placed on the market in 1874, the American inventor Christopher Latham Sholes developed and patented several typewriters.



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#### YÖKDİL SOSYAL DENEME 2

54. – 59. sorularda paragrafta verilen boşluğa anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

- 54. Some people still think that a "good mother" is one who gives up work to stay home with her children. ---- A child's development is influenced more by the emotional health of the family, how the family feels about the mother's working, and the quality of child care. A child who is emotionally well adjusted, well loved, and well cared for will thrive regardless of whether the mother works outside the home.
  - A) However, no scientific evidence says children are harmed when their mothers work.
  - B) This is because of the belief that a working woman cannot be a good mother at the same time.
  - C) On the other hand, a working mother has incredible financial contribution to the overall family income.
  - D) Though there is bias against working mothers, there are things they can do to avoid it.
  - E) Non-working mothers spend more time with their children, which is crucial for children's emotional development.

- 55. Handmade rugs are made in many different places all around the world, such as Asia, Scandinavia, Balkans, Caucasia, North Africa, and even in the Americas. ---- Although they are both admired for their quality, diversity, and historical background in rug weaving, they display some differences. One is their designs. Persian rugs have more rounded, oriental and elegant designs and motifs. On the other hand, Turkish rugs have straight, sharp and geometric designs, and they are full of tribal and meaningful motifs.
  - A) Rugs can have many different patterns and motifs used to decorate the surface.
  - B) The term "rug" was first used in English in the 1550s, with the meaning "coarse fabric".
  - C) Yet, among all other rugs, Persian and Turkish rugs have a different and special status.
  - D) Types of European flat-woven rugs created by vertical and horizontal threads include Venetian and Dutch.
  - E) The term "carpet" is often used interchangeably with the term "rug".



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- 56. The relation between people and food in India extends to the caste system that still prevails in the country. Members of the highest priestly castes, the 'Brahmans', are said to be vegetarians and thus restrain from eating meat, which, for them, is impure as well as inedible as it is a result of brutality and death. A Brahman born of Brahman parents maintains his inherent purity only if he remains a pure vegetarian and eats food prepared only by people of a suitable rank. ----In that case,he would have to undergo various purifying rites and payment of fines imposed by his caste council in order to restore his inherent purity.
  - A) Anything dealing with death, blood or dirt is regarded as impure by Brahmans.
  - B) He does not only avoid meat but also potatoes, carrots, onions, and ginger.
  - C) If a Brahman were to eat meat, he would be considered deeply polluted.
  - D) Ritual cleanliness, such as daily bathing in flowing water, is also essential for a Brahman.
  - E) He is also expected to be nonviolent and spiritual in accord with his traditional roles.

- 57. When we are passionate about a topic, emotions can sometimes cloud our rationality. We tend to have contempt for opposing arguments and are not open to even hearing what those on the other side have to say. To move out of this emotional realm and back into the realm of the well-reasoned argument when we are researching, we could try taking a strategy from debate tournaments. Debaters prepare for tournaments by gathering information on both sides of a topic. ----Therefore, they must be just as prepared to argue the side they don't agree with as the one they believe in.
  - A) They first have to identify their strengths and weaknesses before the debate.
  - B) They have to argue as part of a team, being careful not to contradict with others.
  - C) They improve communication with partners at a debate tournament.
  - D) They actually do not know which side they will be arguing until the debate begins.
  - E) Debate tournament run for several months and are completed over a number of stages.



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- 58. False claims have been circulating in parts of Africa that Rwanda has just adopted Swahili as its official language, dropping French entirely. ---- However, this change is not new – it dates back to more than two years ago. In April 2017, Rwandan lawmakers approved the Swahili as the official language of the country, to join the mother tongue, Kinyarwanda, and the existing official languages English and French
  - A) Swahili is already an official language in Tanzania, Kenya, and Uganda.
  - B) Swahili is a Bantu language, with many Arabic influences.
  - C) Kinyarwanda is the first language of the entire population of the country.
  - D) Swahili did indeed become Rwanda's fourth official language.
  - E) French, the language of former colonial power Belgium, has been declining in use in Rwanda.

- 59. The Silk Road, or Silk Route, is one of the oldest routes of international trade in the world. First called the Silk Road in the 19th century, the 4,500-kilometer route is actually a web of caravan tracks which actively funneled trade goods between Chang'an, China in the East, and Rome, Italy in the West for over a thousand years, from around the 2nd century BC up until the 15th century AD. ---- However, this is not what recent archaeological evidence suggests. The domestication history of a series of animals and plants, such as barley, indicates that trade managed by the ancient societies through the Silk Road began at least 5,000-6,000 years ago.
  - A) The Silk Road had a significant impact on the lands through which the routes passed.
  - B) Among the overland routes, the leading ones were the Northern route, the Southern route and the Southwestern route.
  - C) The Silk Road is first reported to have been used during the Han Dynasty in China between 206 BC-220 AD.
  - D) The Silk Road earned its name from Chinese silk, a highly valued commodity merchants transported along these networks.
  - E) Nomadic peoples in Asia started domesticating camels in the second millennium BC.



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#### YÖKDİL SOSYAL DENEME 2

60.-65. sorularda verilen cümleler sırayla okunduğunda <u>anlam bütünlüğünü bozan</u> cümleyi bulunuz.

60. (I) The term "digital native" has been coined to describe people born after 1980, who are adept at technology, while people born before 1980 are described as "digital immigrants." (II) Social theorists have claimed that digital natives learn differently and need special teaching strategies that include various forms of multimedia. (III)Despite the significant resources allocated to integrating technology in the classroom, many teachers struggle with disruptions that devices cause and usually find them inefficient. (IV)However, a study recently published in the journal Teaching and Teacher Educationstates that the concept of digital native is a myth. (V) It argues that there is no evidence to reinforce the claim that "digital natives" who have grown with smartphones and the Internet are better with technology or learn differently as compared to the older generation.

61. (I) Social scientists have been asking for decades whether boastful, self-aggrandizing beliefs and behaviors are beneficial to those who make such claims. (II) According to one school of thought, claiming to be better than others feels good, and when we feel good, we are happier and better adjusted. (III) This argument suggests that bragging to others can satisfy the motive to build and maintain a positive self-image. (IV) According to another line of research, however, consistently viewing oneself as superior entails a distortion of reality. (V) As with many skills and abilities in life, with practice, there can be improved recognition and response to these distortions.

62. (I) Research shows that playtime with parents is important for children's development, and parents are encouraged to find time to play with their kids on a regular basis.(II)Peekaboo is an adorable game parents have played with their young children for generations. (III) Now, however, researchers are looking for a scientific answer to explain why children think they actually disappear when they cover their eyes while playing it. (IV) Researchers led by James Russell at the University of Cambridge have carried out the first study into this bizarre trait with groups of three and four-year-old children. (IV) The children's eyes were covered with masks and they were then asked whether they could be seen by the researchers - with most saying no.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

63. (I) Privately owned vehicles are often blamed for chronic traffic congestion, especially in the prime business and retail centers. (II) To curb the growth of private car numbers, some people have called for the improvement of public transport in the city. (III) Better road-based public transport services, however, may encourage more people to use them, and as a result, will lead to more traffic on the roads. (IV) They may think that better and more convenient public transport services should encourage people to ditch their cars for the train, bus or taxi, but they ignore the fact that each of these has its own limitations. (V) For example, the subway system cannot be expected to extend to every corner of the city.



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#### YÖKDİL SOSYAL DENEME 2

64. (I)Prior to the nineteenth century, the Ottoman government took censuses and conducted land and property surveys after each new territory was conquered. (II) While conquering new land, the Ottomans exhibited a degree of toleration and justice.(III) However, this tradition was apparently abandoned in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries. (IV) Until the nineteenth century, the Ottoman government never created a systematic population registration system to record births, deaths, and migrations. (V) For the first time, Mahmut II however developed a reasonably efficient system for counting the population of the Empire and started a census to create a new army in 1826.

A) I	B) II	C) III	D) IV	E) V
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65. (I)Honai is the traditional house of the mountainous community in central Papua. (II)The house has a round shape and is usually occupied by 5-10 people. (III)Made from planks of rough wood with the sago palm roof-top, a Honai is approximately 4-6 meters in diameter and 5-7 meters in height. (IV)Sagopalms are cycads, one of the most ancient of plants that has been around since prehistoric times. (V) It has woven bamboo arranged circling the interior walls of the house and one door at the front.

### 66. - 68. Soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

In guite possibly one of the biggest mix-ups in award show history, presenters Warren Beatty and Fave Dunaway accidentally declared the wrong winner for Best Picture at the 2017 Oscars, naming La La Land instead of Moonlight. However, after the film's cast and crew walked to the stage in excitement, it was quickly announced that there had been a mistake, and that *Moonlight* was the actual winner of the prestigious award. Understandably, the people behind both films were floored. The latter film's cast and crew joined the La La Land team on stage, obviously in shock over the mix-up. Meanwhile, team La La Land could be seen consoling one another over the brutal mistake. Based on the evidence available so far, it appears that Beatty and Dunaway were given the incorrect envelope before taking the stage, as when Beatty opened the envelope, he paused for a long few seconds, and looked at Dunaway, puzzled. However, Dunaway took the envelope and dubbedLa La Land as the victor, a story Beatty later confirmed while trying to explain the mix-up.

### 66. It is clear from the passage that the cast and crew of La La Land ----.

- A) invited the actual winner of the Best Picture award to the stage
- B) tried to conceal their frustration upon hearing the mix-up
- C) were on stage when the Moonlight team came to get their award
- D) accused Beatty and Dunaway for getting the wrong envelope
- E) publicly condemned the brutal mistake after the ceremony



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#### YÖKDİL SOSYAL DENEME 2

- 67. It is understood from the passage that Warren Beatty----.
  - A) avoided providing any explanation for the big mix-up
  - B) announced the wrong film as the winner of Best Picture
  - C) asked Dunaway to take the envelope and read out the winner
  - D) did not expect that Moonlight would win the award
  - E) got confused when he read what was inside the envelope

### 68. The underlined word "dubbed" is closest in meaning to ----.

- A) graded
- B) rented
- C) labelled
- D) explored
- E) signalled

#### 69. - 71. Soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

African elephants are on the decline. Throughout history, the human desire for ivory - used in products from iewelry to piano keys to priceless religious art objects - has far outmatched efforts to stop the killing of African elephants for their tusks. Large-scale illegal hunting is threatening populations across the continent to answer the global demand for ivory. In fact, the Africa's elephant population has devastatingly decreased from 26 million elephants in 1800 to fewer than one million today due to the ivory trade. This trade fuels militant groups that poach elephants and smuggle ivory for income. Lack of governmental control causes illegal ivory to enter the legal market with relative ease, for example in South-Asian countries, to which illegal ivory is shipped from Africa. While some countries have banned the domestic trade of ivory completely, many are yet to take this step. However, urgent action is needed to prevent the number of African elephants from dropping critically low.

#### 69. What does this passage mainly focus on?

- A) The number of African elephants across the continent
- B) The ivory trade as a source of income for militant groups
- C) The use of ivory in making various types of products
- D) The need for actions to stop the illegal trading of ivory
- E) The reasons why elephant poaching is increasing in Africa

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#### YÖKDİL SOSYAL DENEME 2

# 70. It is understood from the passage that African elephants ----.

- A) have always attracted the attention of poachers who kill them for their tusks
- B) are at risk of extinction as there are no efforts to protect these vulnerable species
- C) are hunted illegally all over the world to meet the demand for ivory
- D) are an endangered species with a dwindling population of 26 millions
- E) are poached as they are regarded as a threat to the human populations

#### 71. According to the passage, ivory trade is ----.

- A) strictly controlled in South-Asian countries
- B) outlawed by some countries within their borders
- C) not a reason why elephant population is in decline
- D) an important source of revenue for governments
- E) relatively challenging between Africa to South-Asia

### 72. - 74. Soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

It's no secret that today's families are busier than ever. Parents often juggle work along with kids' school schedules, play dates, and extracurricular activities. As a result, more meals are eaten on the go.In fact, more than half of food expenditures in the United States are spent outside of the home, and children get an average of 25% of their calories from restaurant foods and beverages, according to Public Health Advocates. The shift away from home-cooked meals may mean higher consumption of calories and sugary drinks, as well as challenges in accessing healthy foods. However, new California legislation makes consuming healthy drink options easier for kids and families while eating on the go. The SB 1192 bill makes healthy beverages - water, sparking water, flavoured water with no added sweeteners, and milk - the default beverages for children's meals at restaurants.While families can still ask for beverages such as soft drinks, lemonade, and fruit-flavoured juices, the law pushes children and families to make healthy choices.

#### 72. It is clear from the passage that ----.

- A) people tend to prefer work over their responsibilities as a parent
- B) modern-day lifestyle of parents leads children to consume unhealthy foods
- C) foods at restaurants are 25% higher in calories than home-cooked meals
- D) children are exposed to too many sugary beverages at school
- E) people spend more than half of their income on food expenditures

### AKIN DİL EĞİTİM Merkezi ve Yayıncılık Hizmetleri

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#### 73. The SB 1192 ----.

- A) offers healthy drinks such as sparkling water at restaurants
- B) advises families to consume more food and drinks at home rather than outside
- C) makes healthy foods easily accessible by children
- D) prohibits the sale of soft drinks for kids at restaurants
- E) aims to support families in making healthy choices

#### 74. It can be inferred from the passage that ----.

- A) flavoured juices offered as default drinks at restaurants contributes to unhealthy drink consumption
- B) children should not drink beverages that are flavoured as they are detrimental to their health
- C) even if there are healthy choices for drinks, families still opt for unhealthy beverages
- D) California is the only state that has passed legislation regarding the beverage consumption of its citizens at the moment
- E) families have an inclination to eat meals at home since the new legislation forces them to make healthy choices



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#### 75. - 77. Soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Bangladesh has made remarkable progress in reducing poverty, supported by sustained economic growth. Based on the international poverty line of \$1.90 per person per day, poverty declined from 44.2 percent in 1991 to 13.8 percent in 2016-17. In parallel, life expectancy, literacy rates, and per capita food production have increased significantly. Progress was underpinned by 6 percent plus growth over the decade and reaching to 7.3 percent in 2016-2017, according to official estimates. Rapid growth enabled Bangladesh to reach the lower middle-income country status in 2015. In 2018, Bangladesh met the eligibility criteria for graduation from the United Nation's Least Developed Countries (LDC) list, and it is on track to graduate in 2024. However, sustained economic growth has increased the demand for energy and transport, and prompted urbanization. Insufficient planning and investment have resulted in increasingly severe infrastructure bottlenecks. To achieve its growth aspiration of becoming an upper-middle income country by its 50th anniversary in 2021, the country needs to urgently implement structural reforms, expand investments in human capital, increase female labor force participation, and raise productivity through increased global value chain integration.

#### 75. It is understood from the passage that Bangladesh ----.

- A) reached the international poverty line in 2017
- B) decreased food production per person in 2016
- C) made progress below six percent in 2016-17
- D) is planning to get out of the LDC list in 2024
- E) became a middle-income country in 2015

- 76. Sustained economic growth ----.
  - A) decreased life expectancy among people
  - B) reached 44.2 percent between 2016 and 2017
  - C) reduced the need for energy in the country
  - D) eased the transportation in urban areas
  - E) led onto the unplanned growth of cities

- 77. In order to become an upper-middle income country, Bangladesh should ----.
  - A) increase the number of infrastructure bottlenecks
  - B) stimulate investments in people and their skills
  - C) have more women in the workforce
  - D) put structural reforms into effect immediately
  - E) participate in value chains to boost productivity



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#### YÖKDİL SOSYAL DENEME 2

#### 78. - 80. Soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Faced with a population that is shrinking and ageing, Chinese policymakers are attempting to engineer a baby boom after more than three decades of a Malthusian family planning regime, better-known as the one-child policy. Central policy planners have loosened restrictions on family sizes, and now all married couples can have two children. There are now subsidies and incentives for parents, but these efforts appear to be too little too late. Birthrates have fallen and are likely to continue to drop as parents decide against having more children. More young women are pushing back against state propaganda and family pressure, while improving education standards and income levels have delayed marriage and childbirth. Moreover, decades of the one-child policy have made single-child households the norm. Considering all these, demographers warn that China's population will begin to shrink in the next decade, and by 2050, as much as a third of the country's population will be made up of people over the age of 60, putting severe strain on state services.

### 78. It is clear from the passage that Chinese policymakers ----.

- A) want to create a baby boom for the next three decades
- B) impose tight restrictions on family sizes
- C) do not allow unmarried couples to have children
- D) ignore the problem of its shrinking population
- E) operated the one-child policy for over thirty years

- 79. According to the passage, which of the following CANNOT be a reason why China may not be able to stop its population from shrinking?
  - A) Couples do not think that the subsidies and incentives that are offered are sufficient.
  - B) People do not want to have more than one children, which reduces birthrates.
  - C) Women resist being pressurized by their families and the state to have children.
  - D) Chinese people have gotten used to the single-child households.
  - E) The well-educated Chinese get married and have children at a later age.

#### 80. Which could be the best title for this passage?

- A) What is the one-child policy in China?
- B) How did the one-child policy help China?
- C) Can China recover from its one-child policy?
- D) How do the Chinese react to the one-child policy?
- E) Does China's one-child policy shrink its population?

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